Operational Summary

for the First Quarter of the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2021

August 4, 2020 Mitsubishi Chemical Holdings Corporation

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List of Abbreviations

FY2020 April 1, 2020 – March 31, 2021

1st Quarter (1Q): April 1, 2020 – June 30, 2020

2nd Quarter (2Q): July 1, 2020 – September 30, 2020

3rd Quarter (3Q): October 1, 2020 – December 31, 2020

4th Quarter (4Q): January 1, 2021 – March 31, 2021

1st Half (1H): April 1, 2020 – September 30, 2020

2nd Half (2H): October 1, 2020 – March 31, 2021

FY2019 April 1, 2019 – March 31, 2020

1st Quarter (1Q): April 1, 2019 – June 30, 2019

2nd Quarter (2Q): July 1, 2019 – September 30, 2019

3rd Quarter (3Q): October 1, 2019 – December 31, 2019

4th Quarter (4Q): January 1, 2020 – March 31, 2020

1st Half (1H): April 1, 2019 – September 30, 2019

2nd Half (2H): October 1, 2019 – March 31, 2020

MCHC Mitsubishi Chemical Holdings Corporation

MCC Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation

MTPC Mitsubishi Tanabe Pharma Corporation

LSII Life Science Institute, Inc.

TNSC Taiyo Nippon Sanso Corporation

Consolidated Statements of Operations

	Exchange Rate (¥/\$)	107.4	109.7	(2.3)	(2%)		
	Naphtha Price (¥/kl)	25,000	45,400	(20,400)	(45%)		
				(Billions of Yen)		<reference></reference>	_
		FY2020 1Q	FY2019 1Q	Difference	%	FY2020 1H Forecast (Announced on May 13)	% to 1H Forecast
	Sales Revenue	722.7	916.4	(193.7)	(21%)	1,509.0	48%
Continuing	Core Operating Income *1	15.0	70.1	(55.1)	(79%)	25.0	60%
Ξ	Special Items	8.7	(0.2)	8.9		3.5	
guir	Operating Income	23.7	69.9	(46.2)	(66%)	28.5	83%
Operations	Financial Income/Expenses (Dividend included above) (Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss included above)	(3.3) [2.5] [0.0]	(3.3) [2.9] [(0.3)]	0.0 [(0.4)] [0.3]		(10.5)	
ions	Income before Taxes	20.4	66.6	(46.2)		18.0	
*	Income Taxes	(12.2)	(18.2)	6.0		(7.0)	
10	Net Income from Continuing Operations	8.2	48.4	(40.2)		11.0	
	Net Income from Discontinued Operations	-	0.5	(0.5)		0.0	
Ne	et Income	8.2	48.9	(40.7)		11.0	
	Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent	5.2	37.8	(32.6)	(86%)	0.0	
	Net Income Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests	3.0	11.1	(8.1)		11.0	
	*1 Share of profit of associates and joint ventures included. *2 Discontinued operations not included.	0.2	5.0	(4.8)			

Core operating income is calculated as operating income (loss) excluding certain gains and expenses attributable to non-recurring factors (losses incurred by business withdrawal and streamlining, etc.).

Sales Revenue and Core Operating Income by Business Segment

						Impact of COVID-19 (Approximation)
		FY2020 1Q	FY2019 1Q	(Billions of Yen) Difference	<pre><reference> FY2020 1H Forecast (Announced on May 13)</reference></pre>	FY2020 1Q
Tatal Carra alidatad	Sales Revenue	722.7	916.4	(193.7)	1,509.0	
Total Consolidated	Core Operating Income	15.0	70.1	(55.1)	25.0	(38.2)
	Sales Revenue	142.7	171.8	(29.1)	290.0	
Functional Products	Core Operating Income	8.7	12.6	(3.9)	8.0	(6.9)
	Sales Revenue	82.5	104.8	(22.3)	187.0	(0.0)
Performance Chemicals	Core Operating Income	1.3	6.9	(5.6)	(1.0)	(6.3)
	Sales Revenue	225.2	276.6	(51.4)	477.0	(0.5)
Performance Products	Core Operating Income	10.0	19.5	(9.5)	7.0	(13.2)
	Sales Revenue	52.5	77.7	(25.2)	111.0	(13.2)
MMA	Core Operating Income	(1.2)	13.8	(15.0)	6.0	(5.9)
	Sales Revenue	84.2	134.7	(50.5)	161.0	(5.5)
Petrochemicals			0.8			(40.4)
	Core Operating Income	(13.6)	71.7	(14.4)	(19.0) 95.0	(10.4)
Carbon Products	Sales Revenue	44.4		(27.3)		(0.4)
	Core Operating Income	(1.3)	6.0	(7.3)	1.0	(3.1)
Chemicals	Sales Revenue	181.1	284.1	(103.0)	367.0	
	Core Operating Income	(16.1)	20.6	(36.7)	(12.0)	(19.4)
Industrial Gases	Sales Revenue	182.9	208.6	(25.7)	396.0	
maustrai Cases	Core Operating Income	13.5	21.1	(7.6)	34.0	(8.3)
Health Care	Sales Revenue	100.2	107.9	(7.7)	186.0	
nealth Care	Core Operating Income	8.8	9.3	(0.5)	1.0	2.7
Oth	Sales Revenue	33.3	39.2	(5.9)	83.0	
Others	Core Operating Income	(1.2)	(0.4)	(0.8)	(5.0)	0.0
	[Inventory valuation gain/	/loss]				
	Performance Chemicals	(0.5)	(0.7)	0.2		
	Petrochemicals	(14.3)	0.9	(15.2)		
	Carbon Products Total	(0.5) (15.3)	0.0	(0.5) (15.5)		

^{*1} All figures are approximation for reference purpose only.

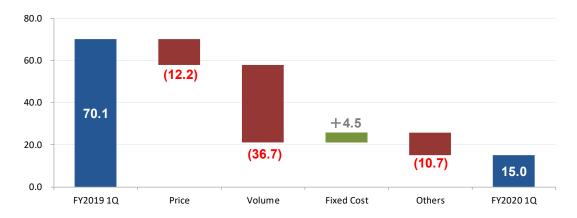
^{*2} Starting from FY2020, the segmentation of certain businesses and consolidated subsidiaries in MCC has been reviewed. The segment information for FY2019 is accordingly restated.

Analysis of Core Operating Income

						(Bi	llions of Yen)
	FY2020 1Q	FY2019 1Q	Difference	Price	Volume	Fixed Cost	Others *1
Total Consolidated	15.0	70.1	(55.1)	(12.2)	(36.7)	4.5	(10.7)
Performance Products	10.0	19.5	(9.5)	0.0	(14.5)	1.6	3.4
Chemicals	(16.1)	20.6	(36.7)	(10.3)	(9.3)	0.3	(17.4)
Industrial Gases	13.5	21.1	(7.6)	0.6	(7.5)	0.1	(8.0)
Health Care	8.8	9.3	(0.5)	(3.0)	(5.1)	2.5	5.1
Others	(1.2)	(0.4)	(8.0)	0.5	(0.3)	0.0	(1.0)

^{*1} Items included are impacts from inventory valuation gain/loss and share of profit of associates and joint ventures etc.

Changes in exchange rates	(0.9)	(1.2)	(0.1)	_	0.4
Changes in foreign currency translation included in above		(0.7)			

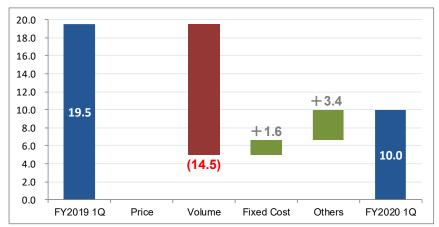


Performance Products Segment

					(Billions of Yen)
			FY2020 1Q	FY2019 1Q	Difference
	Functional	Sales Revenue	142.7	171.8	(29.1)
	Products	Core Operating Income	8.7	12.6	(3.9)
	Performance	Sales Revenue	82.5	104.8	(22.3)
	Chemicals	Core Operating Income	1.3	6.9	(5.6)
F	Performance	Sales Revenue	225.2	276.6	(51.4)
F	Products	Core Operating Income	10.0	19.5	(9.5)

	Functional Products				
Sales Revenue Demand dropped mainly for automotive applications, with sales volumes of high-performance engineering plastics declining an other offerings.					
Core Operating Income					
	Performance Chemicals				
Sales Revenue	Sales volumes were down owing to an overall decline for automobiles, including for performance polymers, as well as because of the impact of scheduled maintenance and repairs for phenol-polycarbonate chain materials facilities.				
Core Operating Income	Earnings were down amid lower sales volumes for performance polymers, phenol-polycarbonate chain materials, and other offerings.				

<Analysis of Core Operating Income>



Estimated impact of COVID-19

(13.2) (including 6.9 in Functional Products segment and 6.3 in Performance Chemicals segment)

<Major initiatives>

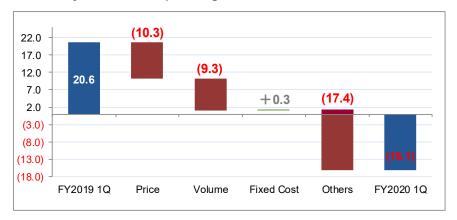
• In April 2020, Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation consolidated subsidiary Mitsubishi Chemical America, Inc. entered into a definitive agreement to acquire Gelest, Inc. The transaction is scheduled for completion by year-end. This purchase will enable Mitsubishi Chemical to broaden its customer solutions by combining its advanced technologies, business resources, and customer network with Gelest's capabilities. Gelest's key strengths include its advanced molecular design and compounding technologies in silicon compounds for contact lens materials, antimicrobials, and other materials, and the extensive use of the company's metal compounds for semiconductor precursors and other materials.

Chemicals Segment

				(Billions of Yen)
		FY2020 1Q	FY2019 1Q	Difference
MMA	Sales Revenue	52.5	77.7	(25.2)
IVIIVIA	Core Operating Income	(1.2)	13.8	(15.0)
Petrochemicals	Sales Revenue	84.2	134.7	(50.5)
Petrochemicals	Core Operating Income	(13.6)	0.8	(14.4)
Carbon Products	Sales Revenue	44.4	71.7	(27.3)
Carbon Floducts	Core Operating Income	(1.3)	6.0	(7.3)
Chemicals	Sales Revenue	181.1	284.1	(103.0)
Cileiliicais	Core Operating Income	(16.1)	20.6	(36.7)

	MMA		
Sales Revenue With demand remaining weak, sales were down amid deteriorating market conditions, including for MMA monomers.			
Core Operating Income	Earnings dwindled owing mainly to smaller gap between raw materials and product prices amid weaker market conditions.		
	Petrochemicals		
Sales Revenue	Revenue dropped owing to lower sales volumes from a greater impact of scheduled maintenance and repairs at the ethylene production facility, with prices declining owing to lower raw materials costs and other factors.		
Core Operating Income	Earnings decreased amid a greater impact of scheduled maintenance and repairs and inventory valuation losses from lower raw materials prices.		
	Carbon Products		
Sales Revenue	Revenue was down amid lower prices as a result of reduced raw materials costs and a drop in sales volumes from declining in demand for coke and other offerings.		
Core Operating Income	Earnings were off owing to a shrinking gap between raw materials and product prices, including for export coke.		

<Analysis of Core Operating Income>



Estimated impact of COVID-19

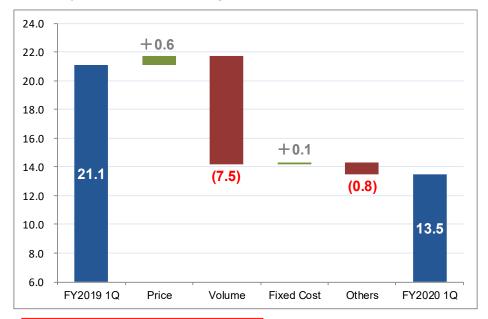
(19.4) (including 5.9 in MMA, 10.4 in Petrochemicals, and 3.1 in Carbon Products)

Industrial Gases Segment

				(Billions of Yen)
		FY2020 1Q	FY2019 1Q	Difference
Industrial Gases	Sales Revenue	182.9	208.6	(25.7)
iliuusiilal Gases	Core Operating Income	13.5	21.1	(7.6)

Industrial Gases				
Sales Revenue	Although demand for electronics-related gases remained strong, revenue was down amid lower domestic and overseas demand.			
Core Operating Income	Earnings declined amid lower overall domestic and overseas demand.			

<Analysis of Core Operating Income>



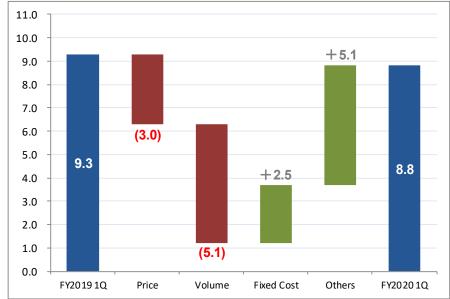
Estimated impact of COVID-19 (8.3)

Health Care Segment

				(Billions of Yen)
		FY2020 1Q	FY2019 1Q	Difference
Health Care	Sales Revenue	100.2	107.9	(7.7)
Health Care	Core Operating Income	8.8	9.3	(0.5)

^{*}Discontinued operations not included.

<Analysis of Core Operating Income>



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Health Care					
Sales Revenue	Revenue was down mainly because lower domestic sales prices for pharmaceuticals due to National Health Insurance drug price revisions and other factors.				
Core Operating Income	Earnings were unchanged despite such factor as lower domestic sales prices for pharmaceuticals amid National Health Insurance drug price revisions. This was because constrained activities owing to the COVID-19 pandemic suppressed spending on selling, general and administrative expenses, and research and development.				

oyalty revenue from Novartis Pharma for Gilenya, a treatment agent for multiple clerosis, was reduced, because a part of the royalty revenue was not recognized as ales revenue in accordance with IFRS 15 due to the start of arbitration proceedings.

Estimated impact of COVID-19 2.7

Consolidated Special Items

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	FY2020 1Q	FY2019 1Q	Difference
Total Special Items	8.7	(0.2)	8.9
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	8.1	0.9	7.2
Gain on sale of intercompany securities	0.9	0.4	0.5
Loss on sale and disposal of fixed assets	(0.2)	(0.6)	0.4
Impairment loss	(0.0)	(0.7)	0.7
Others	(0.1)	(0.2)	0.1

[Special Items by Business Segment]

Performance Products	0.8	0.2	0.6
Chemicals	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)
Industrial Gases	-	(0.6)	0.6
Health Care	8.1	(0.0)	8.1
Others	(0.2)	0.2	(0.4)

Consolidated Cash Flows

Based	on	statements	
of	cas	sh flows	

	FY2020 1Q	FY2019 1Q
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	70.1	103.7
Income before taxes	20.4	67.3
Depreciation and amortization	59.6	59.6
Change in operating receivables/payables	14.4	22.2
Change in Inventories	12.6	(5.2)
Others	(36.9)	(40.2)
Net cash provided by (used in) investment activities	22.7	(47.3)
Capital expenditure	(60.5)	(56.0)
Sale of assets	14.6	2.8
Investment and loans receivable, etc.	68.6	5.9
Free cash flow	92.8	56.4
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	72.3	(109.1)
Interest bearing debts	190.4	(64.4)
Additional acquisition of consolidated subsidiaries' stocks	*2 (95.8)	(1.4)
Dividends, etc.	(22.3)	(43.3)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	165.1	(52.7)
Effect of exchange rate changes and changes in scope of consolidation	0.3	(9.3)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	228.2	321.5
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	393.6	259.5

Adjusted cash flows *1

(Billions of Ye				
FY2020 1Q	FY2019 1Q			
70.1	103.7			
20.4	67.3			
59.6	59.6			
14.4	22.2			
12.6	(5.2)			
(36.9)	(40.2)			
(47.3)	(57.4)			
(60.5)	(56.0)			
14.6	2.8			
(1.4)	(4.2)			
22.8	46.3			

^{*1} Adjusted cash flows based on actual results are calculated by excluding cash flows from investment of surplus funds for explanatory purposes.

^{*2 ¥95.4} billion in additional acquisitions of MTPC shares

Consolidated Statements of Financial Positions

(Billions of Yer				
	Jun. 30, 2020	Mar. 31, 2020	Difference	
Cash and cash equivalents	393.6	228.2	165.4	
Trade receivables	621.4	698.5	(77.1)	
Inventories	594.7	606.5	(11.8)	
Other current assets	137.1	216.1	(79.0)	
Total current assets	1,746.8	1,749.3	(2.5)	
Tangible and Intangible fixed assets	2,257.1	2,252.8	4.3	
Goodwill	623.2	616.8	6.4	
Investment and other non-current assets	507.6	513.2	(5.6)	
Total non-current assets	3,387.9	3,382.8	5.1	
Total assets	5,134.7	5,132.1	2.6	

			(Billions of Yen)
	Jun. 30, 2020	Mar. 31, 2020	Difference
Interest-bearing debt	2,587.6	2,388.1	199.5
Trade payables	334.8	398.1	(63.3)
Other liabilities	765.1	895.1	(130.0)
Total liabilities	3,687.5	3,681.3	6.2
Shareholders' equity	1,232.1	1,234.5	(2.4)
Other components of equity	(66.6)	(64.3)	(2.3)
Total equity attributable to owners of the parent	1,165.5	1,170.2	(4.7)
Non-controlling interests	281.7	280.6	1.1
Total equity	1,447.2	1,450.8	(3.6)
Total liabilities and equity	5,134.7	5,132.1	2.6
Net interest-bearing debt *1	2,194.0	2,089.9	104.1
Net D/E ratio	1.88	1.79	0.09
Ratio of equity attributable to owners of the parent	22.7%	22.8%	(0.1%)
ROE *2	-	4.2%	-

^{*1} Net interest-bearing debt (End of Jun. 30, 2020)

⁼ interest-bearing debt (2,587.6 billion yen)

^{- {}cash and cash equivalents (393.6 billion yen) + investments of surplus funds (0.0 billion yen)} Note: Interest-bearing debt includes lease obligations.

^{*2} Ratio of net income attributable to owners of the parent.

References 1

Statement of Operations [Quarterly Data]

Exchange Rate (¥/\$)	109.7	107.7	109.3	109.1	107.4
Naphtha Price (¥/kl)	45,400	40,200	41,300	44,800	25,000
					(Rillions of Van)

				FY2020		
		1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q
	Sales Revenue	916.4	911.3	903.1	849.7	722.7
Cont	Core Operating Income *1	70.1	60.7	50.2	13.8	15.0
inu	Special Items	(0.2)	0.0	(20.2)	(30.1)	8.7
ontinuing	Operating Income	69.9	60.7	30.0	(16.3)	23.7
0	Financial Income/Expenses	(3.3)	(4.9)	(7.7)	(6.4)	(3.3)
) er	(Dividend included above)	[2.9]	[0.1]	[1.1]	[0.1]	[2.5]
ä÷	(Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss included above)	[(0.3)]	[0.7]	[(2.8)]	[(1.3)]	[0.0]
Operations	Income before Taxes	66.6	55.8	22.3	(22.7)	20.4
* N	Income Taxes	(18.2)	(19.4)	(15.7)	1.0	(12.2)
	Net Income from Continuing Operations	48.4	36.4	6.6	(21.7)	8.2
	Net Income from Discontinued Operations	0.5	16.4	-	-	-
Ne	Net Income		52.8	6.6	(21.7)	8.2
Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent		37.8	43.5	(5.0)	(22.2)	5.2
	Net Income Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests	11.1	9.3	11.6	0.5	3.0
e of profit of associates and joint ventures included.		5.0	3.1	2.6	2.7	0.2

^{*1} Share of profit of associates and joint ventures included.

^{*2} Discontinued operations not included.

Impact of COVID-19

Sales Revenue and Core Operating Income by Business Segment [Quarterly Data]

		(Billions			Billions of Yen)	of Yen) (Approximation		
			FY2	019		FY2020	FY2019	FY2020
		1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	4Q	1Q
Total Consolidated	Sales Revenue	916.4	911.3	903.1	849.7	722.7		
Total Consolidated	Core Operating Income	70.1	60.7	50.2	13.8	15.0	(7.8)	(38.2
Functional Draducts	Sales Revenue	171.8	175.4	172.3	160.9	142.7		
Functional Products	Core Operating Income	12.6	13.9	9.0	4.0	8.7	(0.7)	(6.9
Douformon on Chaminala	Sales Revenue	104.8	105.1	104.3	103.5	82.5		
Performance Chemicals	Core Operating Income	6.9	7.2	5.1	4.4	1.3	(1.1)	(6.3
Dougla was a para di cata	Sales Revenue	276.6	280.5	276.6	264.4	225.2		
Performance Products	Core Operating Income	19.5	21.1	14.1	8.4	10.0	(1.8)	(13.2
D 4D 4 0	Sales Revenue	77.7	72.1	59.2	53.5	52.5		
MMA	Core Operating Income	13.8	11.4	0.5	(1.9)	(1.2)	(2.9)	(5.9
B	Sales Revenue	134.7	137.1	137.3	125.3	84.2		
Petrochemicals	Core Operating Income	0.8	1.0	1.0	(4.9)	(13.6)	(2.2)	(10.4
	Sales Revenue	71.7	63.8	62.2	48.9	44.4		
Carbon Products	Core Operating Income	6.0	2.9	1.0	(1.8)	(1.3)	(0.9)	(3.1
	Sales Revenue	284.1	273.0	258.7	227.7	181.1		
Chemicals	Core Operating Income	20.6	15.3	2.5	(8.6)	(16.1)	(6.0)	(19.4
	Sales Revenue	208.6	210.9	208.8	215.0	182.9	. , ,	•
Industrial Gases	Core Operating Income	21.1	23.2	22.2	21.5	13.5		(8.3)
	Sales Revenue	107.9	97.4	116.6	91.2	100.2		
Health Care	Core Operating Income	9.3	0.5	11.0	(6.2)	8.8		2.7
	Sales Revenue	39.2	49.5	42.4	51.4	33.3		
Others	Core Operating Income	(0.4)	0.6	0.4	(1.3)	(1.2)		0.0

^{*1} All figures are approximation for reference purpose only.

^{*2} Starting from FY2020, the segmentation of certain businesses and consolidated subsidiaries in MCC has been reviewed. The segment information for FY2019 is accordingly restated.

Business Segment Information

Business	Business	Business Sub-Seg	ment				
Domain	Segment		Businesses				
			Information, Electronics and Displays	Optical films, display- and semiconductor-related products			
		Functional	High Performance Films	Packaging films, Industrial films			
		Products	Environment and Living Solutions	Aqua and separator solutions, Infrastructure solutions and agricultural materials			
Performance Products	Performance Products		Advanced Moldings and Composites	High performance engineering plastics, Fibers and textile, Carbon fiber and composite materials, Functional moldings and composites, Almina fiber and light metal products			
		Performance Chemicals	Advanced Polymers	Performance polymers, Engineering polymers, Sustainable resources			
			High Performance Chemicals	Performance chemicals, Performance materials, Food ingredients			
			New Energy	Lithium ion battery materials, Energy transduction materials			
		MMA	MMA	MMA			
Industrial	Chemicals	Petrochemicals	Petrochemicals	Basic petrochemicals, Polyolefins, Basic chemical derivatives			
Materials		Carbon Products	Carbon	Carbon Products			
	Industrial Gases			Industrial gases			
Health Care	Health Care			Pharmaceuticals			
Health Care	ncaiin Cale			Life science			

References 2

Mitsubishi Tanabe Pharma Corporation



Q1 FY2020 Business Results (April – June, 2020)

August 4, 2020

Q1 FY2020 Business Results

Q1 FY2020 Financial Results





	Q1	Compa	arison to previou	ıs year	Comparison to forecasts*1		
	FY2020	Q1 FY2019	Increase (decrease)	Change	Full-year	Achieved	
	Billion yen	Billion yen	Billion yen	%	Billion yen	%	
Revenue	91.8	98.1	(6.3)	(6.5)	383.5	23.9	
(Domestic)	75.7	80.8	(5.0)	(6.2)	314.1	24.1	
(Overseas)	16.1	17.4	(1.3)	(7.5)	69.4	23.1	
Overseas sales ratio	17.5%	17.7%			18.1%		
Cost of sales	45.6	44.8	0.8	1.8	187.5	24.3	
Sales cost ratio	49.7%	45.6%			48.9%		
Gross profit	46.2	53.3	(7.2)	(13.4)	196.0	23.6	
SG&A expense, etc.	36.6	43.6	(7.0)	(16.0)	186.0	19.7	
(R&D expense)	15.3	19.9	(4.6)	(23.3)	83.5	18.3	
Core operating profit	9.6	9.8	(0.2)	(1.8)	10.0	95.8	
Non-recurring items*2	8.1	(0.1)	8.2	-	7.0	115.6	
Operating profit	17.7	9.6	8.0	83.6	17.0	103.9	
Financial income and loss*2	0.2	(0.4)	0.6	-			
Net profit attributable to owners of the Company	11.5	6.9	4.6	67.1	8.5	135.3	
Average exchange rate US\$	¥107.38	¥109.67	,	'	¥108.00		

Average exchange rate US\$

¥107.38

¥109.6

¥108.00

^{*1} Announced on May 13, 2020 *2 Brackets indicate expense and loss

Q1 FY2020 Business Results

Details of Revenue



		Q1	Compari	son to previous	Comparison to forecasts*		
		EV2020	Q1 FY2019	Increase (decrease)	Change	Full-year	Achieved
		Billion yen	Billion yen	Billion yen	%	Billion yen	%
Do	omestic ethical drugs	73.3	78.2	(4.9)	(6.2)	303.6	24.1
	Priority products	45.3	46.5	(1.2)	(2.5)	182.3	24.9
	Vaccines	7.5	7.3	0.2	3.0	41.0	18.3
	Long-listed drugs, etc.	20.4	24.3	(3.9)	(16.1)	80.3	25.4
٥١	verseas ethical drugs	12.6	12.6	0.0	0.4	50.9	24.8
	Radicava	5.6	6.1	(0.5)	(8.9)	22.4	24.9
Royalty revenue, etc.		3.8	5.1	(1.3)	(25.7)	19.9	18.9

^{*}Announced on May 13, 2020

Q1 FY2020 Business Results Domestic Ethical Drugs Revenue of Priority Products and Vaccines





	Q1	Com	parison to previou	ıs year	Comparison to forecasts*		
	FY2020	Q1 FY2019	Increase (decrease)	Change	Full-year	Achieved	
	Billion yen	Billion yen	Billion yen	%	Billion yen	%	
Remicade	11.9	14.4	(2.6)	(17.7)	44.8	26.6	
Simponi	10.7	10.5	0.2	1.4	42.3	25.2	
Stelara	7.0	6.2	0.8	12.5	32.8	21.2	
Tenelia	4.1	4.7	(0.6)	(12.7)	14.9	27.5	
Canaglu	2.5	2.2	0.4	17.3	9.2	27.7	
Canalia	2.5	2.2	0.3	15.3	9.3	27.2	
Lexapro	3.9	3.9	(0.0)	(0.6)	14.6	26.5	
Rupafin	1.7	1.3	0.4	33.1	10.2	16.2	
Imusera	1.1	1.1	(0.0)	(4.2)	4.1	26.5	
Total of priority products	45.3	46.5	(1.2)	(2.5)	182.3	24.9	
Influenza vaccine	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	-	12.2	(0.3)	
Tetrabik	2.7	2.4	0.3	12.9	11.3	23.8	
Mearubik	1.9	1.9	(0.0)	(0.4)	6.4	29.4	
JEBIK V	1.4	1.5	(0.1)	(4.1)	5.3	27.1	
Varicella vaccine	1.3	1.3	(0.0)	(2.1)	4.8	26.1	
Total of vaccines	7.5	7.3	0.2	3.0	41.0	18.3	
Total of priority products and vaccines	52.8	53.8	(1.0)	(1.8)	223.3	23.7	

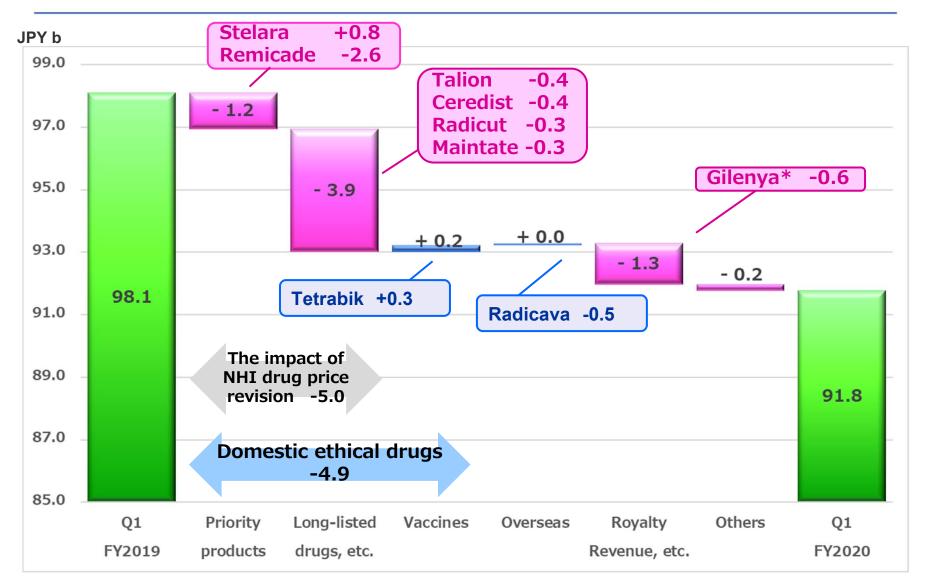
^{*}Announced on May 13, 2020

Q1 FY2020 Business Results

Open Up the Future

Mitsubishi Tanabe Pharma

Revenue Trends



Major Development Pipeline Topics in 1st Quarter of FY2020



Global Projects

Code	Indications	Stage	Topics
MT-1186	Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis : ALS	Р3	 Global P3 study (long-term safety study) is ongoing. Due to the impact of novel coronavirus infection, etc., it is expected to be launched in FY2022.
ND0612	Parkinson's disease	P3	 Global P3 study (BouNDless study) is ongoing. The impact of novel coronavirus infection, etc. on the development plan is being scrutinized.
MT-7117	Erythropoietic protoporphyria, X-linked protoporphyria	P3	 Global P3 study was started in June. Orphan Drug Designation was obtained from FDA in June.
MT-2766	Prophylaxis of COVID-19 (Plant-based VLP* vaccine)	P1	 Obtained the good results in nonclinical studies. Announced a collaboration agreements with GSK and Dynavax respectively regarding the use of their adjuvants in July. P1 study was started in July.

Late Stage Projects in Japan

MT-6548Renal anemiaApproved• Approved in Japan in June. Product name: VafseoMT-0551Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder: NMOSDFiled• J-NDA submission in June.

*VLP: Virus-like particle

Late Stage Projects in Japan MT-6548 (Vadadustat, Product name: Vafseo)



Obtained marketing approval in Japan in June 2020

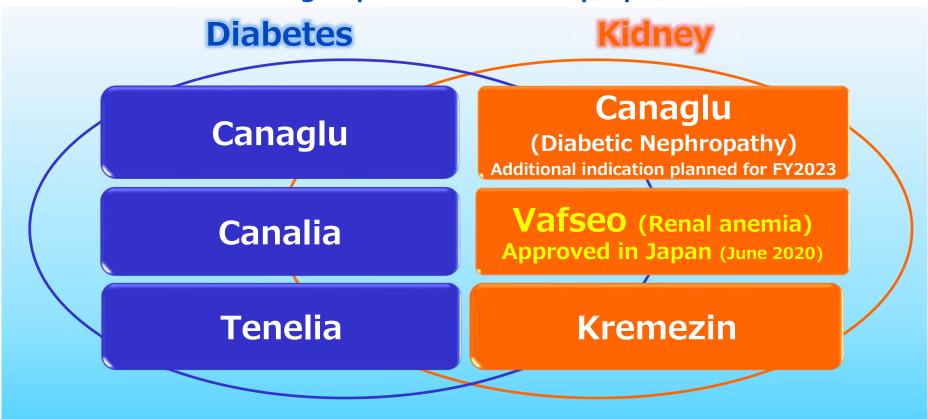
Mechanism of action	Hypoxia-inducible factor prolyl hydroxylase (HIF-PH) inhibitor				
Origin	Akebia Therapeutics, Inc. (United States)				
Development stage	Approved				
Indication	Renal anemia				
	Once-daily oral treatment				
Features	 Treatment effect for anemia by stimulate endogenous erythropoietin production within physiological range 				
	 Can be used for renal anemia in both dialysis-dependent and non-dialysis dependent patients 				

Open Up the **Future**

Bridging Diabetes and Kidney Diseases in Japan W Mitsubishi Tanabe Pharma



Becoming the best partner in closely related diabetes and kidney disease areas through optimal treatment proposals



October 2019: Diabetes and kidney area managers were assigned nationwide.

April 2020: Diabetes and renal product marketing department was established.

May 2020: Co-marketing agreement concluded with Fuso Pharmaceutical for Vafseo in the area of dialysis.

Late Stage Projects in Japan MT-0551 (Inebilizumab)



Japan NDA filed in June 2020

Mechanism of action	Humanized anti-CD19 monoclonal antibody					
Origin	Viela Bio, Inc. (United States)					
Development stage	Filed in Japan (June 2020) US: Viela Bio received approval in June 2020)					
Indication	 Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD): Rare, severe, relapsing, autoimmune disease of central nervous system that can be fatal. It may cause pain in the eye and vision loss, severe muscle weakness, paralysis, numbness, loss of bladder and bowel control and respiratory failure. 					
Number of patients	[Japan] Approximately 4,000					
Features	 Every 6 months infusion as a maintenance monotherapy*1 73% reduction in the risk of NMOSD attacks*2, and reduction also in worsening of EDSS*3, hospitalizations, and MRI*4 lesions Orphan Drug Designation in Japan in February 2020 					
Future plans	Launch in FY2021					

^{*1: 300} mg intravenous (Day 1, 15, and every 6 months thereafter) *2

^{*2:} N-MOmentum Study, N=230, intention-to-treat analysis

^{*3:} Expanded Disability Status Scale

^{*4:} Magnetic Resonance Imaging

Global Projects MT-7117



Global P3 study was started in June 2020

Mechanism of action	Selective melanocortin 1 receptor (MC1R) agonist				
Origin	in-house created product				
Development stage	Phase 3				
Indication	Erythropoietic protoporphyria (EPP): The main symptom is photosensitivity. An inherited disease with painful redness, swelling, blisters and erosions following sun exposure				
	X-linked protoporphyria (XLP): An inherited disease with symptoms similar to EPP				
Number of	[Japan, the US., and EU Total] EPP: Approximately 10,000				
patients	XLP: Said to be lower than that with EPP				
	 An oral agent to prevent photosensitivity 				
Features	 Activation of MC1R promotes melanogenesis in melanocytes and prevents cutaneous symptoms caused by ultraviolet light 				
	 FDA Fast Track designation for EPP granted in June 2018 and Orphan Drug designation in June 2020 				
Future plans	NDA submission in FY2021				

Global Projects MT-2766



Medicago VLP Vaccine aims to prevent COVID-19

Category	Plant-based VLP (virus-like particle) vaccine					
Origin	Medicago Inc. (Canada)					
Stage	Phase 1					
Indications	Prophylaxis of COVID-19					
Design of P1 Study	To assess the safety and immunogenicity of MT-2766 at three dose levels unadjuvanted or adjuvanted with either GSK's or Dynavax's adjuvant*, administered on a one- and two-dose vaccination schedule, given 21 days apart					
Feature	 VLPs have the same external structure as viruses, so VLP vaccines are expected to provide high levels of immune-acquisition effect Shorter time for manufacture by Medicago's plant-based technology In July 2020, Medicago announced a collaboration agreement with GSK and Dynavax respectively regarding the use of their adjuvants 					
Schedule in future	Targeting the completion of clinical studies in 2021					

^{*}An adjuvant is a substance that is used concomitantly to enhance or support the effects of drugs and is expected to enhance immunogenicity when administered with vaccines.

Open Up the Future

Major Development Pipeline List



Progress Update

As of July 25, 2020

Priority areas	Code	Region	Indications	P1	P2	Р3	Filed	Approved
	MT-1186	Global	ALS/oral suspension					
	ND0612	Global	Parkinson's disease					
Central nervous	MT-8554	Global	Vasomotor symptoms associated with menopause			preparing		
system	MT-3921	Global	Spinal cord injury					
	MT-0551	Japan	Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder					
	MT-5199	Japan	Tardive dyskinesia					
T	MT-7117	Global	Erythropoietic protoporphyria, X-linked protoporphyria					
Immuno- inflammation	MT-2990	Global	Endometriosis					
	MT-5547	Japan	Osteoarthritis					
	MT-3995	Global	Non-alcoholic steatohepatitis(NASH)					
Diabetes and	MT-6548	Japan	Renal anemia					
kidney	TA-7284	Japan	Diabetic nephropathy					
	MP-513	China	Type 2 diabetes mellitus					
Vascinos	MT-2766	Global	Prophylaxis of COVID-19					
Vaccines	MT-2355	Japan	5 combined vaccine*					

^{*} Prophylaxis of pertussis, diphtheria, tetanus, poliomyelitis and prophylaxis of Hib infection in infants

Launch Plan for Major Development Pipeline

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FY 2020 FY 2021 FY 2022 FY 2023 MCI-186 MT-0551 MT-1186 * : Global ALS **NMOSD** ALS (oral suspension) (US launch year) Central (China) (Japan) (Global) nervous : Japan/China ND0612 system Parkinson's disease (Global) MT-5199 *Launch plan reflecting Tardive dyskinesia the impact of COVID-19, etc. (Japan) MT-7117 EPP, XLP Immuno-(Global) inflammation MT-5547 Osteoarthritis (Japan) **MP-513 OD Tablets** MT-6548 TA-7284 Renal anemia Type 2 diabetes mellitus Diabetic nephropathy (Japan) (Japan) (Japan) **Diabetes** and kidney MP-513 Type 2 diabetes mellitus (China)

Vaccines

MT-2355 5 combined vaccine (Japan)

Cautionary Statement

The statements contained in this presentation is based on a number of assumptions and belief in light of the information currently available to management of the company and is subject to significant risks and uncertainties.

It contains information about pharmaceuticals included products under development, but is not intended for advertising or medical advice.

The forward-looking statements are based largely on company expectations and information available as of the date hereof, and are subject to risks and uncertainties, which may be beyond company control.

Actual results could differ materially due to numerous factors, including without limitation, marketing conditions and the effects of industry competition.